

**ВСЕРОССИЙСКАЯ ОЛИМПИАДА ШКОЛЬНИКОВ ПО
АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ**

(МУНИЦИПАЛЬНЫЙ ЭТАП)

ПИСЬМЕННЫЙ ТУР

возрастная группа (9-11 классы)

Уважаемый участник олимпиады!

Вам предстоит выполнить письменные задания.

Время выполнения заданий письменного тура **90 минут**.

Выполнение заданий целесообразно организовать следующим образом:

- не спеша, внимательно прочитайте формулировку задания;
- напишите правильный вариант ответа в бланке ответов;
- после выполнения всех предложенных заданий еще раз удостоверьтесь в правильности ваших ответов;

- если потребуются корректировка выбранного Вами варианта ответа, то неправильный вариант ответа зачеркните крестиком и рядом напишите **новый**.

Предупреждаем Вас, что:

- при оценке тестовых заданий, где необходимо определить один правильный ответ, 0 баллов выставляется за неверный ответ и в случае, если участником отмечены несколько ответов (в том числе правильный), или все ответы;

- при оценке тестовых заданий, где необходимо определить все правильные ответы, 0 баллов выставляется, если участником отмечены неверные ответы, большее количество ответов, чем предусмотрено в задании (в том числе правильные ответы), или все ответы.

Задание письменного тура считается выполненным, если Вы **вовремя** сдаете его членам жюри.

Максимальная оценка – **100 баллов**.

LISTENING (25 points)**Time: 15 minutes**

*Task 1. You will hear five people talking about their lifestyles. As you listen for items 1-5 match the Speaker (1-5) and the reason (A-H) which best reflects why each person chose his or her current lifestyle. For items 6-10 match the Speaker (1-5) and the main advantage (I-P) of the lifestyle mentioned by each speaker. You will hear the speakers **TWICE**.*

1. Speaker 1	
2. Speaker 2	
3. Speaker 3	
4. Speaker 4	
5. Speaker 5	
6. Speaker 1	
7. Speaker 2	
8. Speaker 3	
9. Speaker 4	
10. Speaker 5	

Reasons

- A** wanting a better paid job
- B** being unemployed
- C** following a family tradition
- D** a change in his/her personal life
- E** disillusionment with his/her first job
- F** being confident about a career choice
- G** knowing when to ask for a promotion

H not having time to enjoy what he/she worked for

Main advantages

I good future prospects

J enjoying a high-flying job

K running his/her own business

L feeling pride in his/her job

M working for a good employer

N spending more time with family

O learning on the job

P living in a larger property

Task 2. Read and find the best answer (a or b) to questions 11-12.

11. How much money have you got in your savings account?

a Let me check my bank book.

b I've got a savings account at the People's Bank.

12. Do you mind if I pay you back next week?

a That's exactly what I had in mind.

b Not in the slightest.

Task 3. You will hear 14 questions only ONCE. For questions 13-26, choose the best answer (a, b or c) that answers each question appropriately:

13. **a** He'll pay me weekly.

b He's still thinking about it.

c It won't be until next month.

- 14.** **a** I don't have enough money on me.
- b** I must have left my credit card at home
- c** I've done that already but they turned me down.
- 15.** **a** VAT went up by 3% this month
- b** It'll be all those special offers.
- c** This is the cheapest supermarket in the area.
- 16.** **a** I'm a bit short of cash myself this month
- b** I can't lend you 200 euros.
- c** There's not enough money in your account.
- 17.** **a** Yes, I would expect a salary.
- b** Somewhere in the region of £40,000 per annum
- c** That's very generous of you.
- 18.** **a** I took a short cut.
- b** I got held up at the accountant's
- c** As long as it takes.
- 19.** **a** I don't have shares.
- b** That's not a bad idea.
- c** I don't know the exact price, but they've gone up.
- 20.** **a** No, I don't have your tax forms.
- b** Yes, they should be in by Monday at the latest
- c** Yes, my brother's an accountant.

- 21.** **a** Payment is due on the 22nd of each month.
b I've fallen behind the last few months, I'm afraid,
c I keep them on my desk.
- 22.** **a** They won't pay us on time this month.
b They always deposit the money into our accounts
c They must be experiencing a cash flow problem.
- 23.** **a** Not as much as I expected to.
b I spent my money at the mall
c I used a credit card instead.
- 24.** **a** Teenagers are our main consumers
b That's a clever idea!
c We really should ask their permission first.
- 25.** **a** No, but Gerry tells me figures are up this quarter
b No, let me have a look at the sales figures.
c Yes, well done to the sales team.
- 26.** **a** No, but you can easily check it online.
b No, but it must be around here somewhere
c Yes, I'm sure I saw it by the printer.

Transfer your answers to the answer sheet

READING (25 points)**Time: 25 minutes**

Task 1. Read paragraphs (A-G) and organise them logically into an article (1-7) about one of the safest hobbies in the world.

TRAIN-SPOTTING – THE HOBBY

Looking at the practice that has nothing to do with the movie

A

First of all, let's define train-spotting. There are said to be some 100,000 train-spotters in the UK. What do they do? Well, exactly as the title suggests, they spot trains, that is, they stand in train stations, look at the serial numbers of the trains that leave and arrive and write them down. The ultimate aim is to have seen every train in the country.

B

It's interesting to note that despite the stigma of train-spotting, there have been famous railway enthusiasts in history, such as the poet WH Auden, the comedian Michael Palin and, of course, Alfred Hitchcock, who was obsessed with trains and featured them regularly in his films, especially *The 39 Steps*. There is evidence, too, that being a train-spotter is not necessarily a peculiarly British hobby.

C

Many people around the world have seen Danny Boyle's movie *Trainspotting* based on Irvine Welsh's novel of the same name and starring Ewan McGregor, but how many of us can really claim to know what train-spotting is all about? Now this is not considered the coolest hobby in town and the word 'train-spotter' in Britain has become synonymous with 'geek' or 'nerd', but is this reputation really deserved?

D

So call them 'nerds' or 'geeks', but they are here to stay and this is certainly not a hobby that is violent or dangerous in any way, nor does it cause any kind of damage to the environment. What do you think is healthier – sitting in front of a TV screen

and criticizing those who do something that doesn't interest you? Or going out and finding and following your passion whatever that happens to be? I know what I think.

E

One glance at the array of US trains sites should be enough to convince you that transatlantic train-spotters are alive and well. In America, they try to call rail enthusiasts 'trainfans' and talk of 'trainfanning'. Don't let this fool you – these people are train-spotters and there are a lot of them. Each month, two million pages are visited on the website TrainWeb.org. And you may also be interested in the distant, more athletic relative of the trainfanner – those daredevil types who inhabit the illegal world of freight train-hopping.

F

So, what do you need to be a train-spotter? Well, it's a wonderfully inexpensive pastime – all you really need is a pen or pencil and a notebook to write down the train numbers. Other optional equipment includes hot tea in a thermos flask, a camera and some sandwiches for those long afternoons spent on train platforms when you don't want to risk the delights of railway station food. The modern train-spotter may also carry binoculars and a video camera, but for the purists these are unnecessary.

G

Being obsessed with railways and trains is not a modern hobby and dates back to 1804 when Richard Trevithick built the first steam locomotive, which hauled a load of ten tons of iron, 70 men and five wagons along a nine-mile stretch of track in two hours. As the number of trains grew and they got faster and faster, so did the interest in them grow. Is this any stranger than people who love cars?

Task 2. Read the article paragraphs (A-G) again and fill in the gaps in the sentences (8-15) with the suitable words and phrases from the article.

8. He takes a lot of risks in his car. He's a _____ when it comes to driving.

9. She took some coffee with her in a _____ and it was still hot when she drank it at lunchtime.

10. In some situations, *light* is _____ 'not heavy', but sometimes it can mean the opposite of *dark*.

11. He doesn't know whether he can re-sit his exam: he's waiting for the school's _____ decision.

12. She watches movies all the time and talks about them. She is _____ cinema.

13. There are no passengers allowed on that ship. It's for _____ only.

14. There is a _____ attached to being an ex-convict even though that person has been punished and has paid their debt to society.

15. I have a meeting in New York next week so I'm taking a _____ flight on Sunday.

Task 3. Match the award (16-25) and its description (A-J).

Award/prize	Description
16. The Edgar Allan Poe Awards	A. is an annual American award given to short stories of exceptional merit. The award is named after the American short-story writer.
17. The O. Henry Award	B. is a British literary prize given each year by the Society of Authors. Set up in 1947 the awards enable young writers to enrich their work by gaining experience in foreign countries. The awards go to writers under the age of 30 with works published in the year before the award; the work can be either non-fiction, fiction or poetry.
18. The Orwell Prize	C. for mystery and crime writers who write in the traditional mystery subgenre.
19. The Somerset Maugham Award	D. is a prize for poetry. For many years it was awarded by the Poetry Book Society (UK) to "the best collection of new verse in English first published in the UK or the Republic of Ireland" in any particular year. The Prize was inaugurated in 1993 in celebration of the Poetry Book Society's 40th birthday and in honour of its founding poet.

20. The T. S. Eliot Prize	E. presented every year by the Mystery Writers of America, based in New York City. Named after an American writer, a pioneer in the genre, the awards honor the best in mystery fiction, non-fiction, television, film, and theater published or produced in the previous year.
21. The Agatha Awards	F. is given in Britain for political writing. It is awarded by an independent charity governed by a board of trustees. Four prizes are awarded each year: one each for a fiction (established 2019) and non-fiction book on politics, one for journalism and one for "Exposing Britain's Social Evils" (established 2015); between 2009 and 2012, a fifth prize was awarded for blogging. In each case, the winner is the short-listed entry which comes closest to the ambition to "make political writing into an art".
22. The Library of Congress Gershwin Prize	G. is an award given to a composer or performer for their lifetime contributions to popular music. Created in 2007 by the United States Library of Congress, the prize is named after two brothers, whose contributions to popular music included songs such as I Got Rhythm, Embraceable You, and Someone to Watch Over Me, the orchestral pieces Rhapsody in Blue and An American in Paris, and the opera Porgy and Bess.
23. The Walter Scott Prize	H. was created in 1917 by a wealthy newspaper publisher. There are 22 prizes distributed per year in different subjects among journalism and the arts.
24. The Baillie Gifford Prize	I. is a British literary award founded in 2010. At £25,000, it is one of the largest literary awards in the UK. The award was created by the Duke and Duchess of Buccleuch, whose ancestors were closely linked to one of the Scottish authors, who is generally considered the originator of historical

	fiction.
25. The Pulitzer Prize	J. is an annual British book prize for the best non-fiction writing in the English language. It was founded in 1999 following the demise of the NCR Book Award. With its motto "All the best stories are true", the prize covers current affairs, history, politics, science, sport, travel, biography, autobiography and the arts. The competition is open to authors of any nationality whose work is published in the UK in English. The longlist, shortlist and winner is chosen by a panel of independent judges, which changes every year. Formerly named after English author and lexicographer Samuel Johnson, the award was renamed in 2015 after an investment management firm and the primary sponsor.

Transfer your answers to the answer sheet.

USE OF ENGLISH (35 points)**Time: 20 minutes**

Task 1. Complete the gaps (1-12) in the paragraph using the words from the box in the appropriate form.

desire determine devote doom heed ignore
pin reap require shot strenuous worth

Last year I decided to set up my own company. I received conflicting advice about doing so from different people. My friends said it was (1)_____ a try and encouraged me to make a (2)_____ effort to get it going. My parents said my plans were (3)_____ to failure. I wish I hadn't (4)_____ my parents' advice. I wouldn't have been in this mess now, had I (5)_____ their warnings. I should have known that such a vague business plan was risky, but I suppose I had such a desperate (6)_____ to succeed that I thought that I might get away with it. It's not because I didn't give it my best (7)_____. I made (8)_____ to get things going, (9)_____ more or less all my energy to getting it started. But in the end it just (10)_____ too much effort. I had been (11)_____ my hopes on getting enough publicity for my site but that just never happened. So, unfortunately, it seems I will never (12)_____ the rewards of my efforts.

Task 2. Read the text below and look carefully at each line (13-27). Some of the lines are correct, and some have a word that should not be there. If a line is correct, put a tick (✓) by the number. If a line has a word which should not be there, write the word by the number.

THE OPEN ROAD AND AN OPEN MIND

13_____	After weeks of the preparation, I have finally experienced my first
14_____	week as a traveller. I've only got one thing to say about it – fantastic!
15_____	Whoever you are, whatever you are doing, I would to recommend

16____	you go and see a bit of the whole world. One of my biggest
17____	worries was that I would be travelling on my own, and I'd be
18____	all alone in a strange country. This couldn't have be further from
19____	the truth. I was met someone on the plane on the way over
20____	last week – a Scottish guy who he had decided to leave home
21____	only two days before. We got into conversation and ended up
22____	spending the next couple of days together while we were both
23____	found our feet. My first couple of nights were booked at Global
24____	Backpackers. There is a great atmosphere, and you're guaranteed of
25____	to meet a friendly face. On the first night, I already met a really
26____	nice group of people at the hostel and we arranged to hire a van
27____	and drive to Whistler the next day. That's the great thing about been
	travelling – there are so many opportunities open to you.

Task 3. There are 6 mistakes with tenses and 2 spelling mistakes in the following text. Find the mistakes and rewrite them correctly (28-35).

At my last school, we were going on a summer trip to a campsite by the sea every year. One year, however, I remember being more exsited than usual. I think it was my best friends, Joanne and Michelle, who were promising that they would meet me there. On the morning of the day we had been leaving, I looked forward to the trip – and seeing my friends of course – when Joanne came round and told me that there had been a change of plan and they couldn't come. She is calling my mobile for days, but I had changed my phone and I had forgotten to tell her the new number. I was misarable for the whole week – and all because I was making a stupid mistake.

Transfer your answers to the answer sheet

WRITING (15 points)**Time: 30 minutes**

You have just seen the following announcement in an international magazine for young people.

Do you have enough time in your day? The Public Opinion Research Center conducted a survey and found out on what people of different age groups would spend the 25th hour in a day if they had one. The most popular answers are presented in the table.

<i>socialising</i>	<i>29%</i>
<i>new hobby</i>	<i>26%</i>
<i>reading</i>	<i>18%</i>
<i>volunteerism</i>	<i>13%</i>
<i>sleeping</i>	<i>12%</i>
<i>do not need any extra time</i>	<i>2%</i>

Write your article (230 – 260) words for the magazine. In your article:

- *analyse the data from the table (2-3 answers);*
- *speculate on the dependence of the age groups and their answers;*
- *suggest 2 more popular answers;*
- *express your own opinion on the topic.*

Transfer your article to the answer sheet